



Colombia

Women empowerment in a peace and sustainability framework

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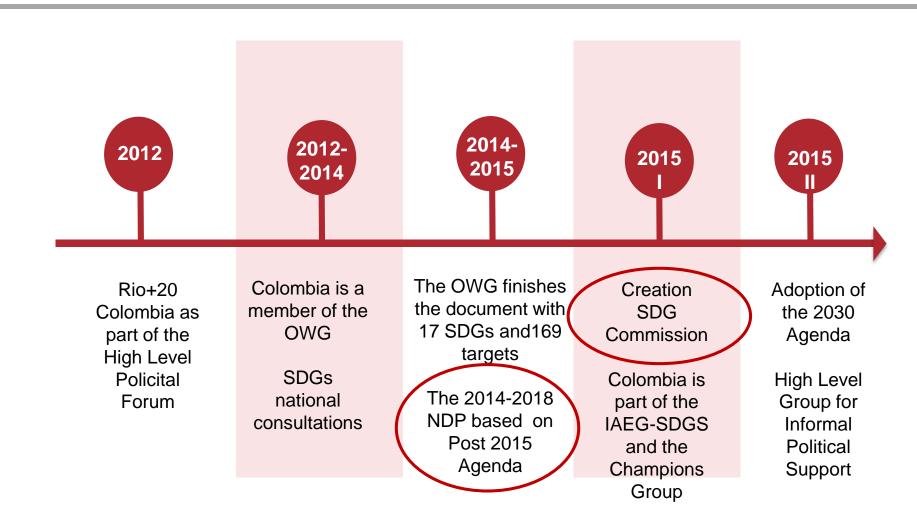
D1 Milestones on the road to 2030 Agenda	02 Public policy and monitoring instruments	03 The SDGs in the 2014-2018 National Development Plan
O4 Gender perspective in NDP	05 Formal framework for gender iSDGs Implementation	06 Main Challenges







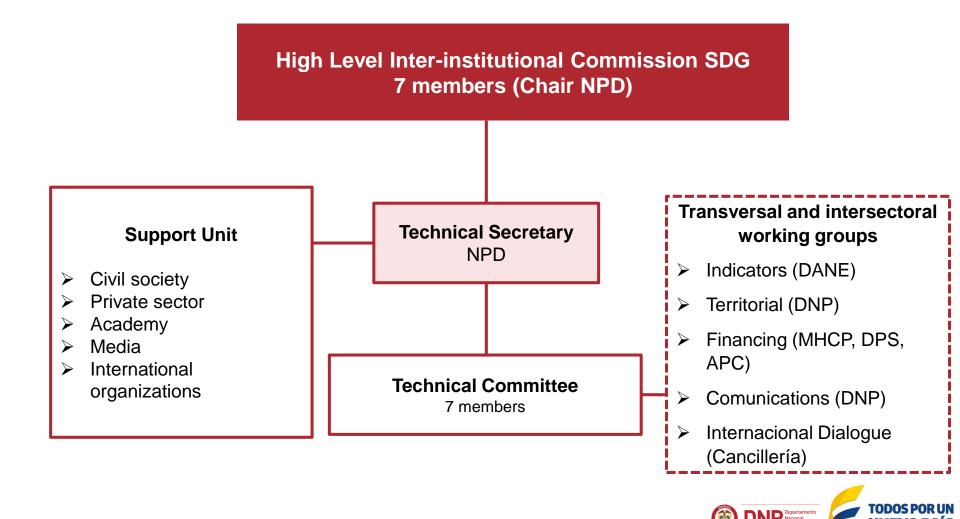
MILESTONES IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE 2030 AGENDA





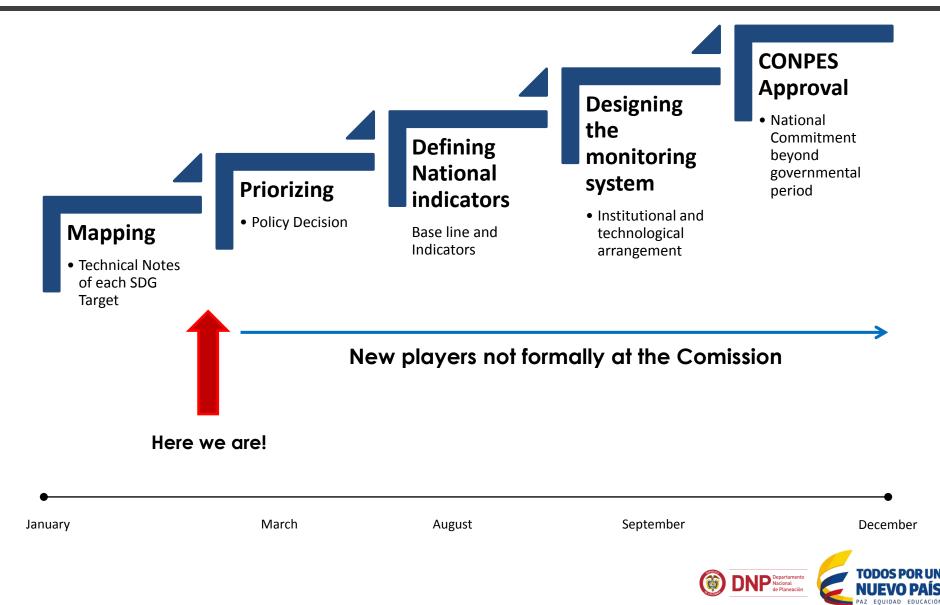


2 PUBLIC POLICY AND MONITORING INSTRUMENTS – An interagency mechanism formally created





PUBLIC POLICY AND MONITORING INSTRUMENTS – Where are we?





PUBLIC POLICY AND MONITORING INSTRUMENTS – what do we already have

INSTRUMENTS



CHARACTERISTICS

National Economic and Social Policy Council (CONPES) already including SDGs targets and goals with gender perspective

- Conpes 161 Gender equality for women
- **Conpes 147** Strategy for the prevention of teenage pregnancy and promotion of life projects
- **3784 Women Victims:** risk prevention , protection and guarantee of the rights of women victims of armed conflict
- SDGs targets included as objectives of the NDP
 "All for a new country 2014 2018" (92 / 169 Targets)

Management and Results Evaluation System -Accountability

- Inclusion of indicators for monitoring the SDGs targets at the NDP (**189 indicators**)





3 THE SDGs IN THE 2014-2018 NDP - Law 1753 / 2015 "ALL FOR A NEW COUNTRY"

Regional Structure

A prosperous Caribbean Region without extreme poverty

Connectivity for integration and sustainable productive development for East Central Region

Pacific Region: socioeconomic development with equity, integration y environment sustainability

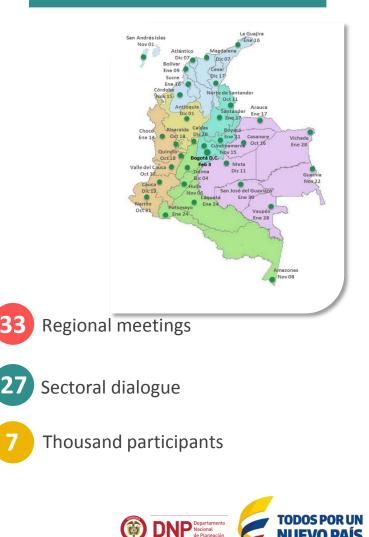
Innovative human capital and inclusive territories at Eje Cafetero and Antioquia Region

Central South Region: rural sector development and environmental preservation

Llanos Region: environment, agroindustry and human development

We built up the NDP with a territorial structure: overcome MDGs obstacles

Participatory built up process

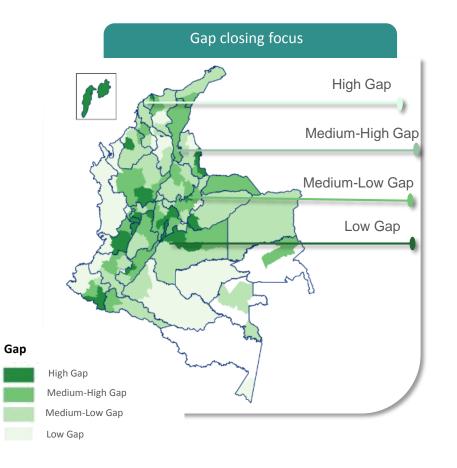


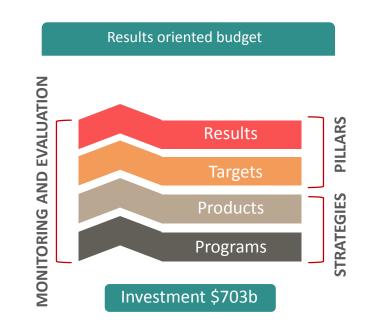
PAZ FOUIDAD EDUCACIÓN



3 THE SDGs IN THE 2014-2018 NDP "ALL FOR A NEW COUNTRY"

PND – EFFORT TO CLOSE NATIONAL GAPS: 92 out of 169 targets





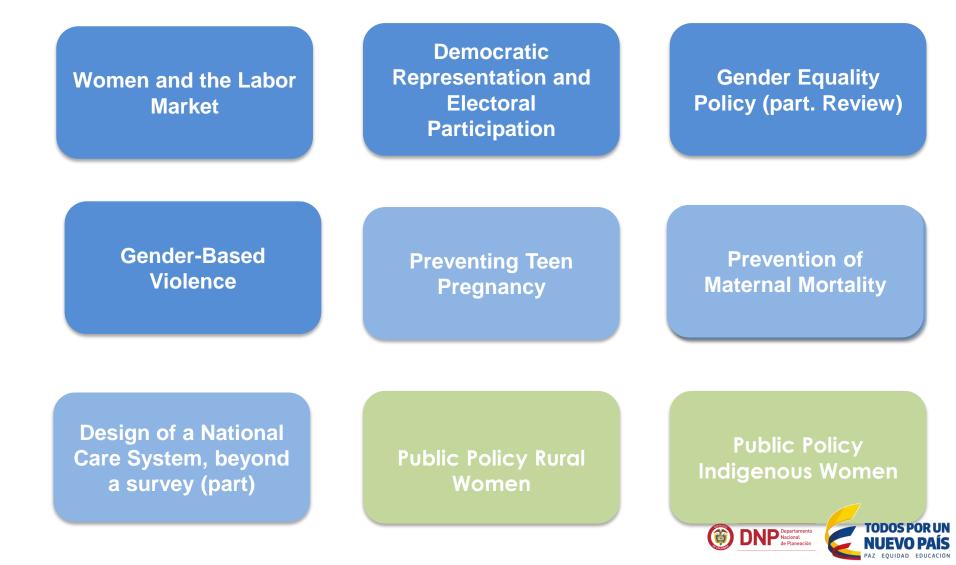
Targets designed to be **monitored**, **evaluated** and subject of accountability

Informed budget by results and performance





GENDER PERSPECTIVE ON NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN (3 out of 9 Targets)





5 | OFFICIAL FRAMEWORK FOR GENDER PERSPECTIVE

The Office of the Presidential Adviser on Equality for Women.

> Public Policy Intersectoral Commission for Gender Equality

Intersectoral Commission for the inclusion of information on unpaid household work in the System of National Accounts

Intersectoral Commission for the promotion and guarantee of sexual and reproductive rights

Working group on prevention and punishment of any forms of violence and discrimination against women









MAIN CHALLENGES

International

- Finance for Development breaking down inequality
- Ensure the implementation of the gender perspective transversely .
- Global indicators
- Promote new arenas for common targets – UN System in action

LAC Region

- Define regional 2030 Agenda
- Adapting the global indicators
- Strength South-South cooperation on SDG agenda





MAIN CHALLENGES

National

- All of the processes have to be a participatory exercise No One left Behind needs All of us (international and national agreement)
- Define national and regional SDG targets and indicators with a gender perspective: not a silo.
- A new national context under a preestablished institutional framework:
 - Regional Development Plans corresponsability (114 out of 169 targets)
 - Peace Agreements (50 out of 169 targets).





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