


Fund for Gender Equality

GENERAL PROGRAMME INFORMATION				
Programme Information				Rwanda
Programme Name	"Beyond Raising Awareness: Shifting the Social Power Balance to Enable Women to Access Land"			Programme Type: Implementation
Lead Org	RCN Justice & Democratie (Justice and Democracy)			Grant ID: 1254
Co-lead Org	HAGURUKA Association for Defense of Women and Children's Rights			
Thematic Area(s)	Economic Empowerment			
Thematic Sub Area(s)	Land Rights (Economic and Political Empowerment)			
Grant Amount	\$2,000,000	Grant Start Date	December 1, 2010	
Additional Gov't Funding		Grant End Date	December 31, 2013	
Total Budget	\$2,000,000			



Partner Agencies	
Government	Gender Monitoring Office, National Women's Council, the National Land Center, the Justice, Reconciliation, Law and Order Sector.
Civil Society	AVEGA (Association des Veuves du Génocide Agahozo), RRP+; Pro-femmes, CARE, NPA, land and justice sector NGO forum members.

Programme Summary
The programme aims to shift the social power balance in Rwanda so that it 1) increases women's capacity to claim and hold on to their legally protected rights to land and 2) increase their individual and collective capacity to determine land .

DETAILED PROGRAMME INFORMATION				
Contribution to Law(s)				
Name of Law	Law Type	Year Implemented	Type of Contribution	Level of Contribution (High or Low)
Inheritance Law	Laws	1999	Implementation	High
Land Law	Laws	2005	Implementation	High
The GBV Law	Laws	2009	Implementation	High

Target Population
This programme is expected to have a direct impact on individual rural women and their families in 120 villages throughout Rwanda as well as in neighboring towns. In addition, it will target 65 key members (operating at national and regional level) of women's organizations and GMOs; as well as 1,248 members of women's organizations (including NWC).

General Programme Goal
Rural women in all 30 districts of Rwanda are economically and politically empowered to exercise and secure their land rights as guaranteed by the Inheritance Law of 1999, the Land Law of 2005, the GBV Law of 2009 and international law ratified by the state of Rwanda.

Expected Programme Outcomes
Outcome 1: By the end of the programme more individual rural women in all districts of Rwanda will be more effective in claiming and defending their land rights before formal and informal local-level dispute resolution institutions.
Outcome 2: By the end of the program the national government institutions (MINELA, NLC and MIGEPROFE) will take further steps to align domestic law with women's rights under international law. They will include solutions to the eliminate problems that rural women currently encounter in exercising and securing their land rights in secondary legislation. Local authorities at district and

sector-level will do the same.

Outcome 3: By the end of the program, male and female community leaders and other community members in 840 villages in all districts of Rwanda, increasingly overcome cultural and legal barriers that prevent rural women from exercising and securing their legally protected land rights.