## Impact of disasters on women and girls

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Disaster/ Country</th>
<th>Female Mortality</th>
<th>Male Mortality</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>Cyclone 0B2- Bangladesh</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>Tsunami- Aceh-Indonesia</td>
<td>77%</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>Tsunami- Tamil Nadu India</td>
<td>73%</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>Cyclone Nargis - Myanmar</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>Tsunami – Tonga and Samoa</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>Solomon Island Floods</td>
<td>96% women &amp; children*</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>Nepal Earthquake</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[1] This is based on anecdotal evidence from partners working in humanitarian response.
Disasters are on the increase - CC is a reality

Women and girls the worst sufferers

So, the onus is on us with mandate of gender equality:

- to ensure *GI is not exacerbated*, rather the opportunity is harnessed, and
- to ensure *women and girls don’t lose out* on growing investments in DRR/CCA
Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) in Asia Pacific

“what UN Women has to do with DRR?” (-Bangladesh 2014)

**Bangladesh** (today)

- UNW about to sign Joint, 1\(^{st}\) in BD history, a fully gender responsive ‘National Resilience Programme’
- UNW is member of Drafting Committee of GOB’s ‘National Plan for Disaster Management’;
- Integrated GE in the DRR/Environment chapter of GOB’s 7\(^{th}\) 5 Yr Plan, adopted 2016

**Nepal**

- post April 2016 Nepal Earthquake- UNW provided the most effective coordination mechanism
- Engaged in effective Humanitarian response in Nepal (dignity kit, safe space/shelter for women)

**Vietnam**

- Gender and DRR prog working with the FHHs in remote disaster prone areas
- The Hanoi Recommendations produced at the Asia Pacific Conf on Gender and DRR organized by VCO presented at Asian Ministerial Conf on DRR in Delhi, last Nov

**AMCDRR**: Led producing Sendai Action Plan Implementation Guidance; specific action plan to collect SADD by 2020
GIR

Comprehensive understanding of the gendered dimensions of risk

Women’s leading role in DRR at the grassroots, national and international levels

Gender responsive prevention, preparedness and recovery

“Scale up” & “Replicate”

enabling environment - gender responsive risk governance

Strengthened women’s capacity and leadership in disaster risk reduction