



JOINT UNITED NATIONS PROGRAMME ON HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS)



UN Women's key updates
on the implementation of the
UNAIDS Programme
Coordinating Board decisions

New HIV infections

Since
2014

Decrease in the number of new infections among women and girls in

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ 40%

West and Central Europe & North America

▼ 20%

Asia and the Pacific

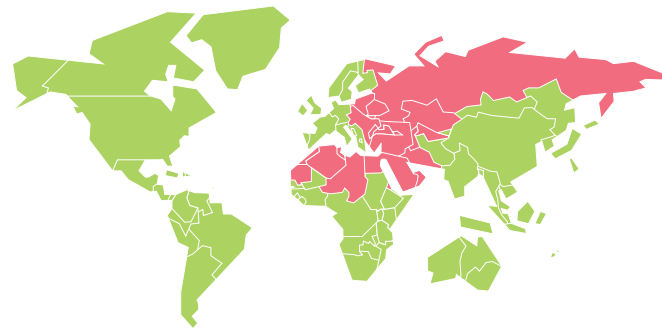
▼ 14%

the Caribbean

▼ 7%

Latin America

▼ 4%



But

increase in new infections among women and girls in

Middle East and North Africa

▲ 24%

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▲ 23%

Adolescents aged 10-19 years

Further

Globally

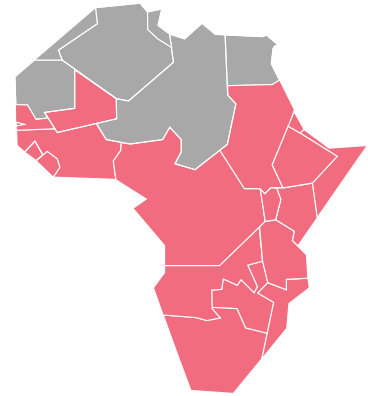
75%

of new HIV infections occurred in **girls**

Sub-Saharan Africa

80%

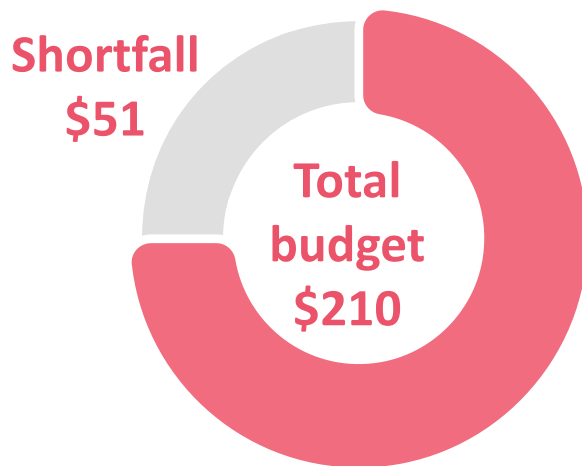
of new HIV infections are among **girls**



Financing the Joint Programme

Despite

increased financial commitments from several key donors, the UNAIDS Joint Programme reported to have a **\$51 million** shortfall against an approved budget of **\$210 million**.





UN Women in the UNAIDS Joint Programme

- Integrating gender equality into the **governance of the HIV response**
- Amplifying **voice and leadership of women** and girls in all their diversity, to meaningfully engage in decision-making
- Upscaling what works in **transforming unequal gender norms** to prevent HIV and mitigate its impact
 - addressing the intersections between HIV and violence against women
 - promoting women's economic empowerment
 - realizing women's legal rights and ending gender-based stigma and discrimination

UN Women in the UNAIDS Joint Programme

Malawi, South Africa and Zimbabwe

HeForShe community-based initiatives supported dialogues to [transform social and gender norms](#) that undermine HIV prevention and service uptake

Uganda

New HIV prevention strategy and funding request to the Global Fund prioritized and resourced [actions to prevent new HIV infections](#) among adolescent girls and young women

15 sub-Saharan African countries

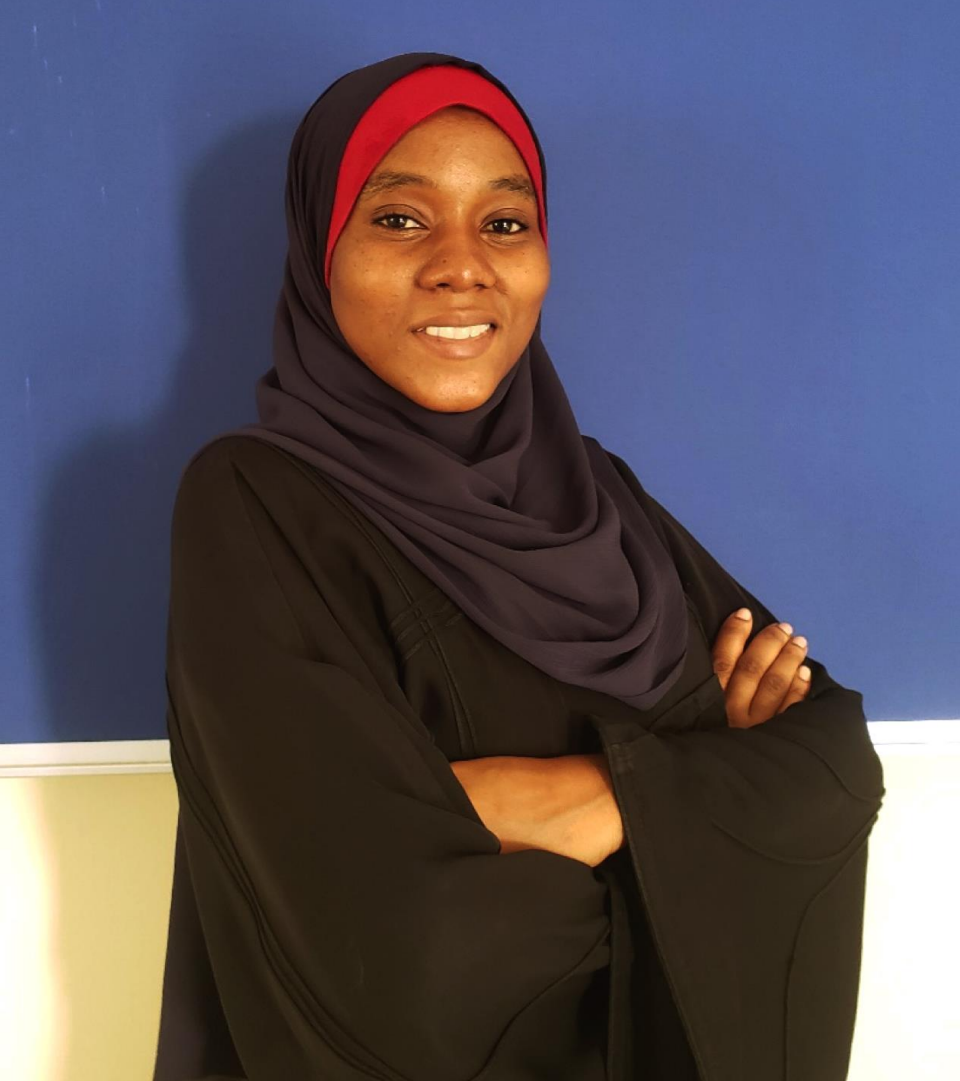
Increased the [feminist leadership skills](#) of 185 adolescent girls and young women to elevate their advocacy efforts and linked them with 63 established women leaders

Kyrgyzstan

Positive deviance approach mobilized young women and men living with and affected by HIV to dismantle stereotypes and [transform unequal social norms](#) that perpetuate [violence against women](#) and deter youth from seeking HIV testing and prevention services

Indonesia

Supported the national network of women living with HIV who advocated for the adoption of the first-ever [sexual violence crimes law](#)



“

It's time for young women to take the lead and have our voices heard so we can influence decisions around HIV policies, programs and budgets.

”

Rahma Seleman Jumanne
youth advocate from Tanzania

Photo | Rahma Seleman Jumanne