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Page 2: Part 1: Country information

Q1

Please enter the name of the country on behalf of which you are submitting a national report:

España

Q2

Please enter the name and institution of the national focal point who is submitting the report:

Name Oficina de Derechos Humanos

Institution Ministerio de Asuntos Exteriores, Unión Europea y

Cooperación

Q3

Please enter the email address of the national focal point who is submitting the report. This person might be asked to validate the submitted information:

odh@maec.es

Page 3: Part 2: Priorities, achievements, challenges and setbacks

Over the past five years, which of the following have been the top five priorities for accelerating progress for women and girls in your country through laws, policies and/or programmes? (Please check a maximum of five boxes) Eliminating violence against women and girls,

Access to health care, including sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights

,

Right to work and rights at work (e.g. gender pay gap, occupational segregation, career progression, job creation)

,

Women's entrepreneurship and women's enterprises,

Unpaid care and domestic work / work-family conciliation (e.g. paid maternity, paternity or parental leave, care services)

Q5

Over the past five years, have you taken specific measures to prevent discrimination and promote the rights of marginalized groups of women and girls? (please check relevant categories)

Women and girls living in remote and rural areas,

Women and girls marginalized on account of race, ethnicity and/or caste

Women and girls with disabilities,

People with diverse sexual orientations, gender identities or expressions, or sex characteristics

Migrant women and girls,

Refugee and internally displaced women and girls,

Women and girls in humanitarian settings

Q6

Over the past five years, which of the following crises have affected the implementation of the BPfA in your country? (please check relevant categories)

COVID-19 and other pandemics,

Food and fuel crisis,

Climate crisis,

Care crisis,

Backlash on gender equality

Over the next five years, which of the following does your country consider to be the top five priorities for accelerating progress for women and girls in your country through laws, policies and programmes? (Please check a maximum of five boxes)

Quality education, training and life-long learning for women and girls

Eliminating violence against women and girls,

Political participation and representation,

Right to work and rights at work (e.g. gender pay gap, occupational segregation, career progression, job

creation)

Unpaid care and domestic work / work-family conciliation (e.g. paid maternity, paternity or parental leave, care services)

Page 4: Part Three: Progress across the 12 critical areas of concern

Q8

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to advance gender equality in relation to women's role in paid work and employment? (please check relevant categories)

Strengthened / enforced laws and workplace policies and practices that prohibit discrimination in the recruitment, retention and promotion of women in the public and private sectors, and equal pay legislation

Introduced *I* strengthened gender-responsive job creation and active labour market policies (e.g. education and training, skills, subsidies)

Taken measures to prevent sexual harassment, including in the workplace

Improved financial inclusion and access to credit, including for self-employed women

Supported the transition from informal to formal work, including legal and policy measures that benefit women in informal employment

Devised mechanisms for women's equal participation in economic decision-making bodies (e.g. in ministries of trade and finance, central banks, national economic commissions)

3/21

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to recognize, reduce and/or redistribute unpaid care and domestic work and promote work-life and family conciliation? (please check relevant categories)

Expanded childcare services or made existing services more affordable

Introduced or strengthened maternity/paternity/parental leave or other types of family leave

Promoted decent work for paid care workers, including migrant workers

Conducted campaigns or awareness raising activities to encourage the participation of men and boys in unpaid care and domestic work

Other (please specify):

Las deducciones fiscales por maternidad, la elaboración del Mapa de Cuidados y la pertenencia a Alianza Global por los Cuidados.

Q10

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to reduce the gender digital divide? (please check relevant categories)

Taken measures to remove the discriminatory barriers faced by women and girls to access, use and design digital tools (e.g. costs of devices and data, lack of skills, safety concerns, restrictive social norms)

Taken measures to support the creation and expansion of safe, affordable, accessible, relevant and inclusive public and private digital tools and services

Introduced or strengthened programmes to increase the digital literacy and skills of women and girls

Taken measures to promote gender-responsive STEM education

Q11 Yes

Over the past five years, has your country introduced austerity/fiscal consolidation measures, such as cuts in public expenditure or public sector downsizing?

Q12

Have assessments on the impact of such austerity/fiscal consolidation measures on women and men, respectively, been conducted?

Yes, their impact on women/men was estimated before measures were put in place.

Page 5: Poverty eradication, social protection and social services

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to reduce/eradicate poverty among women and girls? (please check relevant categories)

Promoted poor women's access to decent work through active labour market policies (e.g. job training, skills, employment subsidies, etc.) and targeted measures

Supported women's entrepreneurship, access to markets, and business development activities

Introduced or strengthened social protection programmes for women and girls (e.g. cash transfers for women with children, public works/employment guarantee schemes for women of working-age, pensions for older women)

Q14

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to improve access to social protection for women and girls?

Introduced or strengthened cash transfers for families with children that prioritize women as recipients (e.g. child benefits, family allowances, conditional or unconditional cash transfers)

Introduced or strengthened social protection for women of working age (e.g. unemployment benefits, public works programmes, social assistance)

Introduced or strengthened social protection for older women (e.g. expansion of social pensions, moratoriums, inflation adjustment, introduction of pension credits for caregivers)

Extended social protection to women in informal employment (e.g. subsidies for participation in contributory schemes; inclusion in non-contributory schemes)

Improved access to social protection for other groups of marginalized women (please refer to groups listed in Part Two: Priorities, achievements, challenges, and setbacks)

5/21

The COVID-19 pandemic spurred significant social protection innovations. From a gender perspective, which of the following statements applies best to the COVID-19 response in your country?

The social protection response to the pandemic was significant but did not spur any gender-responsive innovations.

Q16

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to improve health outcomes for women and girls in your country?

Promoted women's access to health services through expansion of universal health coverage or public health services

Expanded specific health services for women and girls, including sexual and reproductive health services, maternal health and HIV services

Taken measures to support women's mental health, including access to specialized services and counselling

Undertaken gender-specific public awareness/health promotion campaigns

Provided gender-responsiveness training for health service providers

Strengthened comprehensive sexuality education in schools or through community programmes

Taken action to expand access to health services for marginalized groups of women and girls (see list in Part Two: Priorities, achievements, challenges, and setbacks)

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to improve education outcomes and skills for women and girls?

Taken measures to increase girls' access to, retention in and completion of education, technical and vocational education and training (TVET) and skills development programmes

Provided gender equality and human rights training for teachers and other education professionals

Promoted safe, harassment-free and inclusive educational environments for women and girls

Increased access to skills and training in new and emerging fields, especially STEM (science, technology, engineering and math) and digital fluency and literacy

Incorporated STEM education and/or measures to increase access to digital tools and competencies for adolescents and girls with a view to close the gender digital divide

Page 6: Freedom from violence, stigma and stereotypes

Q18

Over the past five years, which forms of gender-based violence, and in which specific contexts or settings, has your country prioritized for action?

Intimate partner violence, including sexual violence and marital rape

Domestic violence committed by other family or household members

Sexual harassment and violence in public places, educational settings and workplaces

Violence against women and girls facilitated by technology (e.g. online sexual harassment, online stalking, non-consensual sharing of intimate images)

Femicide/Feminicide/gender-related killings of women and girls

Gender-based violence in conflict-affected settings, Child, early and forced marriages,

Trafficking in women and girls

Over the past five years, what actions has your country prioritized to address gender-based violence?

Introduced or strengthened violence against women laws, and their enforcement and implementation

Introduced, updated or expanded national action plans on ending violence against women and girls

Introduced or strengthened measures to increase women's access to justice (e.g. establishment of specialist courts, training for the judiciary and police, protection orders, redress and reparations, including for femicide cases)

Introduced or strengthened services for survivors of violence (e.g. shelters, help lines, dedicated health services, legal, justice service, counselling, housing, socioeconomic rehabilitation)

Introduced or strengthened strategies and interventions to prevent violence against women and girls (e.g. in the education sector, in the media, community mobilization, work with men and boys)

Introduced or strengthened measures for improving the understanding of the extent, causes and consequences of violence against women among those responsible for implementing measures on ending violence against women and girls, including through the collection and use of data from different sources

In the past five years, what strategies has your country used to prevent gender-based violence?

Empowering women and girls to promote their economic independence and access to resources, and promote equitable relations within households, communities and society

Alleviating poverty through interventions targeted at women or the household

Create safe environments including schools, workplaces, and public spaces

Raising public awareness to change attitudes and behaviours

Promoting gender-egalitarian values in primary and secondary education, including through comprehensive sexuality education

Q21

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to prevent and respond to technology-facilitated gender-based violence (e.g. online sexual harassment, online stalking, non-consensual sharing of intimate images)?

Introduced or strengthened legislation and regulatory provisions

Implemented awareness raising initiatives targeting the general public and education settings to sensitize young people, caregivers and educators to ethical and responsible online behaviour

Worked with technology providers to introduce or strengthen human rights-based design, development and deployment approaches to address technologyfacilitated gender-based violence

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to address the portrayal of women and girls, discrimination and/or gender bias in the media, including social media?

Enacted, strengthened, and enforced legal reforms to combat discrimination and/or gender bias in the media, including social media

Introduced binding regulation for the media, including for advertising

Provided training to media professionals to encourage the creation and use of non-stereotypical, balanced and diverse images of women and girls in the media, including social media

Promoted the participation and leadership of women in the media

Established or strengthened consumer protection services to receive and review complaints about media content or gender-based discrimination/bias in the media

Q23

In the past five years, has your country taken any action specifically tailored to address violence against marginalized groups of women and girls? (please check relevant categories)

Women living in remote and rural areas,

Women marginalized on account of race, ethnicity and/or caste

Religious minority women,

Women with disabilities,

Women living with HIV/AIDS,

People with diverse sexual orientations, gender identities or expressions, or sex characteristics

Girls, adolescents, and younger women,

Migrant women,

Refugee and internally displaced women

Page 7: Participation, accountability and gender-responsive institutions

In the past five years, what actions and measures has your country taken to promote women's participation in public life and decision-making?

Introduced whole-of-government or ministerial cabinet gender parity laws or policies dictating that around half of decision-making positions are occupied by women

Provided opportunities for capacity building and skills development, such as mentorship, training in leadership, decision-making, public speaking, self-assertion, political campaigning for women candidates, elected or appointed politicians, parliamentary caucuses, and/or gender equality advocates

Strengthened civic space and protections for women's movements and women human rights defenders

Collected and analyzed data on women's political participation, including in appointed and elected positions

Q25

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to increase women's access to expression and participation in decision-making in the media, including through information and communication technologies (ICT)?

Strengthened the provision of formal and technical vocational education and training (TVET) in media and ICTs, including in areas of management and leadership

Taken measures to enhance access, affordability and use of ICTs for women and girls (e.g. free wifi hubs, community technology centers)

Introduced regulations to advance equal pay, retention and career advancement of women within the media and ICT field

Provided support to women's media networks and organizations

Q26

What is the name of your country's current national machinery for gender equality and the empowerment of women?

Ministerio de Igualdad

Q27

What is the national women's machinery's current location within government? (please select one of the following options)

Ministerial level or equivalent whose head has full cabinet participation

Q28 Yes

Does the national women's machinery have adequate financial resources and staff capacity to fulfil its mandate?

Q29

Over the past five years, which of the following statements best describes the evolution of the budget of your country's national women's machinery? (please select one of the following options)

The budget of the national women's machinery has increased (as a proportion of overall government spending)

How many programmes is the national women's machinery directly responsible for implementing? Please provide the total number and full name of programmes, as well as links to any supporting documentation.

Total number of programmes:

Full name of programmes:

37

Plan Corresponsables Subvenciones a organizaciones sindicales (UGT y CCOO) y el tercer sector (MenEngage) para la garantía de acceso a los servicios parentales y marentales de lo trabajadores y las trabajadoras, y la promoción de la corresponsabilidad con hombres; Convenio Universidad Complutense de Madrid para cursos de verano en El Escorial; Campañas de sensibilización; Pacto de Estado contra la Violencia de Género y consolidación del Plan Conjunto Plurianual; Servicio telefónico de Atención y Protección para víctimas de violencia contra las mujeres (ATENPRO), en convenio con la FEMP; Centros de crisis 24 horas; Sistema de seguimiento por medios telemáticos de las prohibiciones de aproximación impuestas en materia de violencia de género y violencia sexual (COMETA); Plan Camino; Subvenciones a proyectos de atención a mujeres víctimas de trata de seres humanos con fines de explotación sexual, y sus hijos e hijas menores o con discapacidad; Subvenciones a programas o proyectos de concienciación, prevención e investigación de las distintas formas de violencia contra las mujeres; Iniciativa «Empresas por una sociedad libre de violencia de género»; Servicio 016; Distintivo "Igualdad en la Empresa"; Programa Innovatia 8.3; Programa "Desafío Muier Rural" Escuela de emprendedoras Juana Millán; Iniciativa "Más mujeres, mejores empresas"; Programa Intercambia; Programa SARA; Programa ADA; Programa DIANA; Programa AURORA: Programa Promociona: Programa Talentia 360; Programa Publicaciones; Convocatoria de Subvenciones para la realización de Posgrados de Estudios de Género y Actividades del ámbito universitario y Seminarios 8M; Convocatoria de subvenciones para la realización de posgrados de estudios de género y actividades del ámbito universitario; Convenio con la Federación Española de Municipios y Provincias (FEMP); Campañas de sensibilización Servicio 021; Subvenciones nominativas Asentamientos (tercer sector): Cruz Roja, CEPAIM, FSG, Unión Romaní, ASNUCI, FECONS, Adalucía Acoge: Campañas de sensibilización Servicio 028; Subvenciones nominativas: FELGTBI+, Federación Plataforma Trans, Fundación 26 de diciembre

Link(s) to supporting documentation:

https://violenciagenero.igualdad.gob.es/informacion-3/recursos/telefono016/

https://www.igualdad.gob.es/comunicacion/notasprensa/gobierno-aprueba-creditos-centros-24h/

https://violenciagenero.igualdad.gob.es/informacion-

3/recursos/dispositivosControlTelematico/

https://www.igualdad.gob.es/comunicacion/notasprensa/gobierno-aprueba-plan-camino-alternativas-trata/

https://violenciagenero.igualdad.gob.es/otrasformas/trata/subvenciones/

https://violenciagenero.igualdad.gob.es/sensibilizacionc oncienciacion/subvencionessensibilizacion/

https://violenciagenero.igualdad.gob.es/sensibilizacion

Concienciacion/inicitativaEmpresas/

https://violenciagenero.igualdad.gob.es/informacion-

3/recursos/telefono016/#:~:text=Delegaci%C3%B3n%20d el%20Gobierno%20contra%20la%20Violencia%20de%20 G%C3%A9nero

https://violenciagenero.igualdad.gob.es/sensibilizacion Concienciacion/campannas/violenciaGobierno/

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/IgualdadEmpresas/DistitivoIgualdadEmpresa.htm

https://innovatia83.es/

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/Emprendimiento/EmpFemMundoRural.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/Emprendi miento/EscEmpreJuanaMillan.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/PromProfesional/MasMujMejoresEmpr.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/AreaEduc acion/Programas/Intercambia.htm#:~:text=Instituto%20d e%20las%20Mujeres%20%2D%20Intercambia&text=El%2 0proyecto%20intercambia%20se%20inicia,en%20las%20 diferentes%20Comunidades%20Aut%C3%B3nomas.

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/AreaProglnsercionSociolaboral/Sara.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/SocInfo/Programas/Ada.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/SocInfo/Programas/Diana.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/AreaProglnsercionSociolaboral/Aurora.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/PromProfesional/ProyPromociona.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/PromProfesional/Talentia360MDirectivas.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/salud/pub licaciones/home.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/servRecursos/convocatorias/2023/SubPostgradoEstFeministas.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/servRecursos/convocatori as/2023/SubPostgradoEstFeministas.htm https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/actualidad/noticias/2022/E NERO/conveniofemp.htm

https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/areasTematicas/salud/pub licaciones/home.htm

https://www.igualdad.gob.es/comunicacion/campanas/campana-si-es-racismo/

https://www.igualdad.gob.es/comunicacion/notasprensa /igualdad-en-marcha-servicio-028-arcoiris-lgtvi/ https://www.igualdad.gob.es/comunicacion/campanas/c ampana-espana-es-orgullosamente-diferente/

Q31

What is the guiding vision that best describes the current national women's machinery's mandate? (please select one of the following options)

Ensuring gender equality is realised for all

Q32

Is there a national human rights institution in your country?

Q33

Does the national human rights institution have a specific mandate to focus on gender equality or discrimination based on sex/gender?

Yes

Yes

Page 8: Peaceful and inclusive societies

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to build and sustain peace, promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development and implement the women, peace and security agenda?

Adopted and/or implemented a National Action Plan on women, peace and security

Integrated women, peace and security commitments into key national and inter-ministerial policy, planning and monitoring frameworks

Increased budgetary allocations for the implementation of the women, peace and security agenda

Other (please specify):

La aprobación del Plan Nacional de Adaptación al Cambio Climático (2021-2030) en 2020 supone la integración de la perspectiva de género en el principal instrumento estratégico para la adaptación al cambio climático de escala nacional. Este plan incluye 7 aspectos transversales entre los que se encuentra la integración de la perspectiva de género en la acción climática. A través de este plan y de sus programas de trabajo quinquenales se impulsan medidas para la recogida de datos desagregada por sexos y el desarrollo de indicadores específicos para entender las desigualdades por razón de género y favorecer la adaptación con perspectiva de género; la consideración de las diferencias de género en cuanto al acceso a la información y formación; la consideración de las mujeres como agentes de cambio favoreciendo su acceso a posiciones de liderazgo, entre otras cuestiones. En este contexto se desarrolló en 2021 el estudio Riesgos climáticos desde la perspectiva de género: percepción, posicionamiento y adaptación en mujeres y hombres que constituye el primer diagnóstico con enfoque de género frente a los riesgos de desastres por consecuencias climáticas y su impacto en la población. El trabajo, liderado por el Instituto de las Mujeres, analiza las posibles brechas de género en cuanto a la percepción del riesgo, el nivel de información, el conocimiento, la preocupación y las medidas de adaptación y mitigación frente al cambio climático adoptadas por mujeres y hombres.

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to increase the leadership, representation and participation of women in conflict prevention, resolution, peacebuilding, humanitarian action and crisis response, at decision-making levels in situations of armed and other conflicts, and in fragile or crisis settings?

Promoted equal participation of women in humanitarian and crisis response activities at all levels, particularly at the decision-making level

Adopted gender-responsive approaches to the prevention and resolution of armed or other conflict

Adopted gender-responsive approaches to humanitarian action and crisis response

Developed, adopted and I or implemented a high impact National Action Plan on 1325

Other (please specify):

El Primer Programa de Trabajo (2021-2025) del Plan Nacional de Adaptación al Cambio Climático 2021-2030, incluye entre sus medidas la "Promoción del acceso de las mujeres a posiciones de liderazgo, y su participación plena, igualitaria y significativa en los principales foros de toma de decisiones sobre adaptación". Dentro del alcance de esta medida se pueda hablar del impulso a la participación de jóvenes en la toma de decisiones a través de su participación de las Conferencias de las Partes (COPs) de la Convención Marco de Naciones Unidas de Lucha contra el Cambio Climático (CMNUCC). En este sentido, desde la COP 27 en 2022, se ha impulsado el programa "Generación Clima", para la participación de jóvenes estudiantes universitarios en estas conferencias, en el que la presencia equilibrada de mujeres y hombres es un principio del programa.

Q36

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to enhance judicial and non-judicial accountability for violations of international humanitarian law and violations of the human rights of women and girls in situations of armed and other conflicts, and in fragile or crisis settings?

Other (please specify):

Sensibilización previa en los despliegues en zonas de conflicto

Q37 None of the above

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to eliminate discrimination against and violations of the rights of the girl child, including adolescent girls?

Page 9: Environmental conservation, protection and rehabilitation

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to integrate gender perspectives and concerns into environmental policies, including biodiversity conservation, climate change adaptation and mitigation, and reduction of land degradation?

Supported women's participation and leadership in environmental and natural resource management and governance

Taken steps to ensure that women benefit equally from decent jobs in the green economy

Other (please specify):

Medidas para que las transiciones justas tengan en cuenta las cuestiones de género

Q39

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to integrate gender perspectives into policies and programmes for disaster risk reduction and building environmental and climate resilience?

Supported women's participation and leadership, including those affected by disasters, in disaster risk reduction, climate and environmental resilience policies, programmes and projects

Strengthened the evidence base and raised awareness about the disproportionate vulnerability of women and girls to the impact of climate change, environmental degradation and disasters

Introduced or strengthened and implemented genderresponsive laws and policies related to disaster risk reduction and building climate and environmental resilience (e.g. disaster laws addressing vulnerability of women in disaster)

Page 10: Part Four: National institutions and processes

Q40 Yes

Does your country have a valid national strategy or action plan for gender equality?

Q41 Yes

Has the national gender equality strategy or action plan been costed and have sufficient resources been allocated to its achievement in the current budget?

Q42 Yes

Do you track the proportion of the national budget that is invested in the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of women (gender-responsive budgeting)?

18 / 21

Q43 Yes

As a donor country, do you track the proportion of official development assistance (ODA) that is invested in the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of women (gender-responsive budgeting)?

Q44 Yes

Is gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls included as a key priority in the national plan/strategy for SDG implementation?

Q45 Yes

Are there formal mechanisms in place for different stakeholders to participate in the implementation and monitoring of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action?

Q46

Which of the following stakeholders participate formally in national coordination mechanisms established to contribute to the implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action?

Civil society organizations,

Women's rights organizations,

Youth-led organizations,

Academia and think tanks

Q47 Yes

Are there formal mechanisms in place for different stakeholders to participate in the implementation and monitoring of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development?

Q48 Civil society organizations,

Which of the following stakeholders participate formally in national coordination mechanisms established to contribute to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development?

Youth-led organizations,

Women's rights organizations,

Academia and think tanks,

Parliaments/parliamentary committees,

Private sector

For which of the following does your country have an action plan and timeline in place to follow-up on recommendations?

Other (please specify):

El II Plan Nacional de Derechos Humanos prevé la adopción de un protocolo o instrumento similar que dé seguimiento a los dictámenes y demás pronunciamientos de los órganos y tratados de derechos humanos de los que España es parte.

Page 11: Part Five: Data and Statistics

Q50

Over the past five years, what are the top three areas in which your country has made most progress when it comes to gender statistics at the national level? (Please check a maximum of three boxes)

Used more gender-sensitive data in the formulation of policy and implementation of programmes and projects

Produced knowledge products on gender statistics (e.g., user-friendly reports, policy briefs, research papers)

Developed a centralized web-based database and/or dashboard on gender statistics

Q51

Over the next five years, which are your country's top three priorities for strengthening national gender statistics, out of the following? (Please check a maximum of three boxes) Design of laws, regulations, or statistical programme/strategy promoting the development of gender statistics

Conduct of new surveys to produce national baseline information on specialized topics (e.g., time use, gender-based violence, asset ownership, poverty, disability)

Production of knowledge products on gender statistics (e.g., user-friendly reports, policy briefs, research papers)

Q52 Yes

Have you defined a national set of indicators for monitoring progress on the SDGs?

Q53

How many indicators does it include and how many of those are gender-specific?

Number of indicators 130
Number of gender-specific 13
indicators

Q54 Yes

Has data collection and compilation on gender-specific indicators begun?

Q55 Geographic location,

Which of the following disaggregations is routinely provided by major surveys in your country?

Sex/gender,

Income,

Age,

Education,

Marital status,

Migratory status

Page 12: Part Six: Upload of National Report

Q56

Please upload your national report and any supporting documentation here:

Informe%20nacional%20de%20Espa%C3%B1a%20Beijing%2B30.pdf (1.4MB)