

## **Resolution 73/148**

### **On “Intensification of efforts to eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls: sexual harassment”.**

Domestic violence is a common problem in any society, including Kyrgyzstan. According to studies in Kyrgyzstan, the victims of domestic violence in most cases are socially vulnerable members of the family - these are children, the elderly, and people with disabilities. So, 95% of victims of domestic violence are women, 30% of children suffer from physical violence in the family, 71% of the interviewed population noted the existence of violence against the elderly.

In 2016, the norms were revised and a more effective mechanism was developed to protect victims from domestic violence. In April 2017, the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic “On Protection and Protection from Family Violence” was adopted.

In order to implement the above Law, the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic issued a decree on August 1, 2019 No. 390 “On the procedure for the protection and protection against family violence” (which approves the procedure for interaction between state bodies in identifying facts of domestic violence and providing timely comprehensive assistance to victims of domestic violence; correctional program to change violent behavior for perpetrators of domestic violence).

The Ministry of Labor and Social Development of the Kyrgyz Republic carried out certain work to protect and protect against domestic violence.

From March to April 2018, in accordance with the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic “On regulatory legal acts of the Kyrgyz Republic”, workshops were held in all regions of the republic to teach laws on the protection and protection against domestic violence and discuss draft regulatory legal acts with specialists from territorial divisions of subjects of legislation on protection and protection from domestic violence, and also developed district, city joint plans for the implementation of the Law of the Kyrgyz Republic “On protection and protection against family violence”. A total of 470 employees of the territorial divisions of state bodies and local governments were trained.

The Joint Order of the Ministry of Labor and Social Development and the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Kyrgyz Republic dated October 25, 2019 No. 133 “On approval of the instruction on the procedure for interaction of social development

bodies on protecting children with internal affairs bodies in the field of protection and protection against family violence” was also approved.

**Table 7.15: Number of facts of domestic violence and measures taken**

<b>The number of facts of domestic (domestic) violence, cases</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>7053</b>	<b>7333</b>	<b>7178</b>
including by type of violence:			
physical	4846	4827	4135
psychological	2204	2502	2819
sexual	3	4	1
<b>The number of issued protection orders</b>	<b>6966</b>	<b>7323</b>	<b>7114</b>
<b>The number of criminal cases on domestic violence and sent to court</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>369</b>
<b>The number of persons held administratively liable</b>	<b>4901</b>	<b>4946</b>	<b>4963</b>
including articles:			
family violence (v. 66-3)	2753	2970	2344
failure to fulfill the conditions of the protection order (Art. 66-4)	220	89	896
minor hooliganism (Article 364)	1514	1478	894
other	374	408	829

According to the decree of the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic on achieving gender equality, a working group was created, which is developing proposals to amend legislative acts, in particular, the Criminal Code, the Code of Misconduct, the law “On State Guarantees of Ensuring Equal Rights and Equal Opportunities for Men and Women” and other normative legal acts, and in the near future the draft law on harassment will be submitted to public hearings, and then to parliament.